

**Algebraic Expressions and Identities: Worksheet -12**

1.  $f(x) = 3x^4 - 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 5$  find the remainder  $f(x)$  divided by  $(x-1)$  [      ]
- a) 13                      b) 11                      c) 2                      d) None
2. For what value of  $a$  is  $2x^3 + ax^2 + 11x + a + 3$  is exactly divisible by  $(2x-1)$  [      ]
- a) -5                      b) -7                      c) -4                      d) -6
3. If  $(x + a)$  is a factor of  $x^3 + ax^2 - 2x + a + 4$ . Then the value of  $a$  is [      ]
- a)  $-\frac{1}{3}$                       b)  $-\frac{2}{3}$                       c) 1                      d)  $-\frac{4}{3}$
4. If  $(x + 1)$  is a factor to  $ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e$ , then  $a + c + e - b - d =$  [      ]
- a) 0                      b) 1                      c)  $\sqrt{2}$                       d) -1
5. If  $x + 1$  is a factor of  $x^4 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - k$  then the value of  $k$  is [      ]
- a) 6                      b) -6                      c) -1                      d) 1
6. If  $x - 3$  is a factor of  $3x^3 - x^2 + px + q$  then [      ]
- a)  $p + q = 72$                       b)  $3p + q = 72$
- c)  $3p + q = -72$                       d)  $q - 3p = 72$
7. For every natural number  $n$ ,  $(2n+3)^2 + (2n-3)^2$  is divisible by [      ]
- a) 36                      b) 18                      c) 24                      d) 14
8. If  $f\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) = 0$  then the factor of  $f(x)$  is [      ]
- a)  $ax + b$                       b)  $ax - b$                       c)  $bx + a$                       d)  $bx - a$



9. Remainder when  $ax + b$  divides  $f(x)$  is [      ]

- a)  $f\left[\frac{b}{a}\right]$       b)  $f\left[\frac{a}{b}\right]$       c)  $f\left[\frac{-a}{b}\right]$       d)  $f\left[\frac{-b}{a}\right]$

10. If  $x+1$  is a factor of  $ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e$  then which of the following is true? [      ]

- a)  $a + c + e = b + d$       b)  $a + b + c = 0$   
c)  $a + b + c + d + e = 0$       d)  $a + b + c = d + e$

11. If  $x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 5$  is divided by  $(x+1)$  then remainder is \_\_\_\_ [      ]

- a) 0      b) 13      c) -13      d) none

12. If  $x + 1$  is a factor of  $ax^2 + bx + c$  then [      ]

- a)  $a + b + c = 0$       b)  $a + b = c$       c)  $a + c = b$       d)  $b + c = a$

13. The number of real roots of the equation  $x + 1 = 0$  is are [      ]

- a) 1      b) 2      c) 4      d) 0

