

Algebraic Expressions and Identities: Worksheet -10

1. If $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt{6}$ then $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ []

- a) 10 b) $\sqrt{10}$ c) 7 d) none of these

2. If N is a natural number and $f_1, f_2, f_3, \dots, f_n$ are the all possible factors of N also observed that $f_1 + f_2 + f_3 + \dots + f_n = 2N$ then example of such N is _____ []

- a) 10 b) 28 c) 12 d) 14

3. If $a^2 - 2a + 1 = 0$ then the value of $a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ []

- a) 2 b) 5 c) 1 d) 0

4. The value of $(1 - \frac{1}{2})(1 - \frac{1}{3})(1 - \frac{1}{4}) \dots (1 - \frac{1}{2008})$ is []

- a) $\frac{1}{2008}$ b) $\frac{2007}{2008}$ c) $\frac{1}{2007}$ d) 1004

5. $x^4 - x^2 + 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ []

- a) $(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + x - 1)$ b) $(x^2 + x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)$
 c) $(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + x + 1)$ d) none of these

6. $1 + 2ab - (a^2 + b^2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ []

- a) $(1 + a - b)(1 + a + b)$ b) $(1 + a + b)(1 - a - b)$
 c) $(1 - a + b)(1 + a - b)$ d) $(1 - a - b)(1 - a + b)$



7. $\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)^2 =$ []

- a) $x + y$ b) $x - y$ c) xy d) $2xy$

8. The reduced form of $\frac{a^2 - 5}{a + \sqrt{5}}$ is []

- a) $a + \sqrt{5}$ b) $a - \sqrt{5}$ c) 1 d) $a+5$

9. If $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2$ then $x^4 + x^3 + \frac{1}{x^4} + \frac{1}{x^3}$ []

- a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 27

10. $514 \times 514 - 514 \times 28 + 196 = 10000k$ then $k =$ []

- a) 25 b) 36 c) 14 d) 16

