

Algebraic Expressions and Identities: Worksheet -9

- The degree of the polynomial $(2x^5 + 3x^4 + 2x^2 - 10x + 1)^3$ is []
 a) 23 b) 5 c) 10 d) 15
- The degree of a polynomial $f(x)$ is 'n' and degree of a monomial $g(x)$ is 'm' then degree of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ is []
 a) $m - n$ b) $m + n$ c) m/n d) None of these
- Degree of $(z^3 - 14)(z^3 - 1)$ []
 a) 6 b) 4 c) 12 d) 3
- The degree of the polynomial $f(x)$ is 6, the degree of the polynomial $g(x)$ is 8, then degree of the polynomial $f(x) + g(x)$ is []
 a) 6 b) 8 c) 14 d) 48
- Which of the following is not a polynomial? []
 a) $\frac{6}{5}x^4 + \frac{3}{2}x^3 + 5x^2 + x + 1$ b) $5x^4 + 3x^3 + \frac{2}{x^2} + x - 2$
 c) $\sqrt{3}x^3 + x + \sqrt{5}$ d) 1
- If m is a perfect square, the preceding perfect square is _____ []
 a) $m - 2\sqrt{m} + 1$ b) $m^2 + 1$
 c) $m^2 + 2m + 1$ d) $m + 1$
- If $a^n + a^n + \dots + a^n$ (m times) = a^{n+1} and $b^m + b^m + \dots + b^m$ (n times) = b^{m+1} then []
 a) $m(n-1) = 1$ b) $n(m-1) = 1$
 c) $mn - ab = 1$ d) $mn - (ab - 1) = 1$



8. $n^4 + 16 =$ []

a) $(n^2 + 4)(n^2 + 4)$ b) $(n^2 + \sqrt{2}n + 4)(n^2 - \sqrt{2}n + 4)$

c) $(n^2 + 2n + 4)(n^2 - 2n + 4)$ d) $(n^2 + 2\sqrt{2}n + 4)(n^2 - 2\sqrt{2}n + 4)$

9. If x is a perfect square, the next perfect square is _____ []

a) $x + 1$ b) $x^2 + 1$ c) $x^2 + 2x + 1$ d) $x + 2\sqrt{x} + 1$

