

Basic Geometrical ideas: Worksheet -7

1. A simple closed figure formed by four line segments is called as _ _ _ _
_ _ _ _
2. A Quadrilateral has _ _ _ _ _ sides.
3. A Quadrilateral has _ _ _ _ _ vertices.
4. A Quadrilateral has _ _ _ _ _ angles.
5. The sides, vertices and angles are called as _ _ _ _ _ of a quadrilateral.
6. In a quadrilateral 'ABCD' the four vertices are _ _ _ _ _ , four angles are _ _ _ _ _ , four sides _ _ _ _ _ , two diagonals are _ _ _ _ _ .
7. In a quadrilateral 'ABCD' If $\angle A = 80^\circ$, $\angle B = 50^\circ$, $\angle C = 80^\circ$ then $\angle D =$ _ _ _
8. In a quadrilateral two sides with common vertex are called as _ _ _ _ _
9. In a quadrilateral two angles with common side are called as _ _ _ _ _
10. In a quadrilateral sides opposite to each other are called as _ _ _ _ _ .
11. In quadrilateral angles opposite to each other are called as _ _ _ _ _ .
12. In a quadrilateral 'ABCD' the pairs of adjacent sides are _ _ _ _ _ , _ _ _ _ _ , _ _ _ _ _ , and _ _ _ _ _ .
13. In a quadrilateral 'DEFG' the pairs of opposite sides are _ _ _ _ _ and _ _ _ _ _ .



14. In a quadrilateral 'PQRS' the pairs of adjacent angles are _____ ,
 _____ , _____ and _____ .
15. In a quadrilateral 'EFGH' the pairs of opposite angles are _____ and _____

16. In a quadrilateral 'ABCD' the pairs of adjacent vertices are _____ ,
 _____ , _____ and _____
17. In a quadrilateral 'STUV' the pairs of opposite vertices are _____
 and _____
18. The line segment which passes through the two opposite vertices of
 any quadrilateral is called as _____
19. In a quadrilateral 'PQRS' The possible diagonals are _____ and _____

20. The maximum No. of diagonals in a quadrilateral is _____

