

**Introduction to Trigonometry : Worksheet -8**

1.  $\frac{\sin 4530^\circ}{\tan(-585^\circ)} =$  [      ]

- a) 1                      b) -1                      c)  $\frac{1}{2}$                       d)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

2.  $\sin 1845^\circ \cdot \cos 1755^\circ =$  [      ]

- a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$                       b)  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$                       c)  $\frac{1}{2}$                       d)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

3. If ' $\theta$ ' lies in the second quadrant and  $\tan \theta = \frac{-5}{12}$ , then the value of

$\frac{2 \cos \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} =$  [      ]

- a) -2                      b) -3                      c) -1                      d) 0

4. The value of  $\frac{\cos 3\theta - 2 \cos 4\theta}{\sin 3\theta + 2 \sin 4\theta}$  when  $\theta = 150^\circ$  [      ]

- a)  $\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}$                       b)  $\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}$                       c)  $\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}}{2}$                       d)  $\frac{-(1+\sqrt{3})}{2}$

5.  $\sec^2 33^\circ - \cot^2 57^\circ =$  [      ]

- a) 0                      b) 1                      c) -1                      d)  $\pm 1$

6.  $\sin(-420^\circ) \cos 390^\circ + \cos(-660^\circ) \sin 330^\circ =$  [      ]

- a) 0                      b) 1                      c) -1                      d) none

7. In the equation  $\operatorname{cosec}(90^\circ + \theta) + x \cos \theta \cot(90^\circ + \theta) = \sin(90^\circ + \theta)$ , the value of  $x =$  [      ]

- a)  $\sin \theta$                       b)  $\cos \theta$                       c)  $\tan \theta$                       d)  $\cot \theta$

8.  $\frac{\sin 150^\circ - 5 \cos 300^\circ + 7 \tan 225^\circ}{\tan 135^\circ + 3 \sin 210^\circ} =$  [      ]

- a) 1                      b) -1                      c) 2                      d) -2

