

**Some Applications of Trigonometry: Worksheet -2**

1. A 1.6mt tall girl stands at a distance of 3.2mt from a lamp post and cuts a shade of 4.8mt on the ground. Then the height of the lamp base is [      ]  
 a) 8mt                      b) 8.3mt                      c)  $\frac{8}{3}$  mt                      d)  $\frac{3}{8}$  mt
2. A balloon is connected to a meteorological ground station by a cable of length 215mt inclined at  $60^\circ$  to the horizontal. Assuming that there is no slak in the cable then the height of the balloon from the ground is [      ]  
 a) 188.4mt                      b) 180.4mt                      c) 184.4mt                      d) 186.19mt
3. An aeroplane flying horizontally 1km above the ground is observed at an elevation of  $60^\circ$ . After 10 sec its elevation is observed to be  $30^\circ$ , then the speed of the aeroplane is [      ]  
 a) 415.68km/hr                      b) 310km/hr                      c) 315km/hr                      d) 315.86km/hr
4. A pole being broken by wind, the top struck the ground at an angle of  $45^\circ$  and at a distance of 21mts from the foot of the pole, then height of the pole is [      ]  
 a)  $21(\sqrt{2}+1)$ mts                      b)  $\frac{21}{\sqrt{2}}$ mts                      c) 21mts                      d)  $21(\sqrt{2}-1)$ mts
5. The angles of depression from the top of a tower of height 40mts to the top and foot of a tree are  $45^\circ$  and  $60^\circ$  then height of the tree is [      ]  
 a)  $\frac{40}{3}(3-\sqrt{3})$                       b)  $40(\sqrt{3}-1)$                       c)  $40(3-\sqrt{3})$                       d)  $40(3+\sqrt{3})$



6. A kite is flying with the string inclined at  $60^\circ$  to the horizon. The height of the kite vertically above the ground when the string is 20mt long is [      ]
- a)  $15\sqrt{3}$  mts      b)  $20\sqrt{3}$  mts      c)  $10\sqrt{3}$  mts      d)  $5\sqrt{3}$  mts
7. The shadow of a tower standing on a level plane is found to be 60mts longer when the sun's altitude is  $30^\circ$  than when it is  $45^\circ$ , then the height of the tower is \_\_\_\_ in mts. [      ]
- a)  $30(\sqrt{3}-1)$       b)  $\frac{30}{\sqrt{3}-1}$       c)  $30(\sqrt{3}+1)$       d)  $\frac{30}{\sqrt{3}+1}$
8. Two houses are standing on a level ground. From a point on the ground midway between them, the angles of elevation are  $60^\circ$  and  $30^\circ$  respectively. If the height of the first tower is 100m, then the height of the second tower is [      ]
- a) 100mt      b)  $\frac{100}{3}$  mt      c)  $100\sqrt{3}$  mts      d)  $\frac{100}{\sqrt{3}}$  mts
9. If AB is a vertical pole. The end A is on the level ground. C is the middle point of AB. P is a point on the level ground. The portion CB subtends an angle of  $\beta$  at P. If  $AP = n AB$  then  $\tan\beta =$  [      ]
- a)  $\frac{2n^2+1}{n}$       b)  $\frac{2n^2-1}{n}$       c)  $\frac{n}{2n^2+1}$       d)  $\frac{n}{2n^2-1}$
10. The angle of elevation of a jet plane from a point A on the ground is  $60^\circ$ . After a flight of 15sec the angle of elevation changes to  $30^\circ$ . If the jet plane is flying at a constant height of  $1500\sqrt{3}$ , then the speed of the jet plane in km/hr [      ]
- a) 200      b) 840      c) 950      d) 1050

